INCLUSIVE AND EMPATHETIC

4 Ways to Build Children's Empathy Across Racial Lines

At first glance, it might not seem like our children need much help with empathy. In some ways, kids are wired for empathy right from the start, as we can see when a toddler gives a comforting hug to a crying friend. On the other hand, our empathy is biased: it is often easier to empathize with members of our own groups — people who look like us, talk like us, or share some key identity — compared to others. The tips here provide some ideas about how to make the most of children's natural capacity for empathy to connect them across racial lines and motivate them to stand up for racial equity and justice.



- 1. Develop cross-group friendships.
- 2. Practice perspective-taking.
- Apply empathy insights to the real world.
- 4. Move from empathy to action.

1. Develop cross-group friendships.

- The most powerful way to build empathy across racial lines is through meaningful relationships. <u>Do your best</u> to make sure children have opportunities to <u>build cross-group friendships</u> (and that they see you building and enjoying your own). Families can be mindful of the diversity of the playgroups they join and educators can be mindful of the diversity of the peer groups they organize.
- Young children interacting with diverse others will come to see others who look different as having their own thoughts, interests, and feelings, and can be encouraged to practice sharing, kind gestures, and fairness across racial lines.
- As children grow, cross-group friendships involving personal information sharing will open windows into the lives of people from different backgrounds, along with opportunities to support each other and build trust and intimacy. Through these emotional processes, we can broaden the range of people we feel are worthy of our care and compassion.

2. Practice perspective-taking.

- When reading books or watching movies, ask children questions that prompt them to
 "put themself in someone else's shoes" and take the perspectives of others. For example:
 "How do you think [the character] feels? How would you feel if someone treated you like
 that?" Pay close attention to body language in illustrations that can communicate how
 someone is feeling.
- If children have never experienced the kind of thing you're reading about, break it down into
 terms they can understand and relate to. "Do you like to be told what to do all the time?"
 "How do you feel when [sibling] doesn't let you have a turn?" "What if someone said you
 couldn't see Daddy anymore? How would that make you feel?"
- Of course, it's important to prompt perspective-taking when someone is being treated unfairly and experiencing racism or discrimination, but it's also important to prompt empathy with characters' positive feelings of joy and pride, and everyday feelings like nervousness or frustration. This way, we encourage children to perceive others as relatable human beings with a full range of emotional experiences just like them!

When you know better, do better — as your circumstances allow. While you may not engage in all of these practices consistently, if we hold ourselves accountable to routinely doing what we can, our kids, families, and communities will all do better.



3. Apply empathy insights to the real world.

- Help make the connection between individuals being empathized with in stories to larger groups and systems of oppression. "Do you think that actually happens in the real world?" or "Have you ever seen or heard about something like that in real life?"
- Ask children what they see at school or at the playground. This will help bring these issues
 to life in their personal world, which often increases the potential to practice and strengthen
 our empathy skills. Are any children excluded or left out? Is anyone being teased? Why?
 Is that fair? How can we show compassion or stand up for those children?
- If we try, humans have the capacity to empathize with just about anyone (and even things!).
 But that doesn't mean that everyone is right and no one should be held accountable for doing harm. By connecting empathy back to family values and the kind of world we want to build, we can guide our moral choices.



4. Move from empathy to action.

- Make sure empathy doesn't stop at feelings! Feeling for someone is a start, but it isn't
 enough. It is our responsibility to help channel empathy into compassionate action, helping
 people and changing systems. See our action guides, <u>5 Ways to Nurture Racial Justice</u>
 Activism in Kids and <u>7 Ways to Support the Young Activists in Your Life</u>, for some ideas
 about supporting children's activism.
- Take a break. Experiencing high levels of empathy all the time can be exhausting, and can
 even lead to avoidance of people or topics that prompt it. Help ensure you're not burning out
 or overloading your children by taking a break with meaningful <u>rest</u> and restoring, nourishing
 activities. This purposeful self-care is crucial for helping ourselves and our children engage
 actively in line with our values and for the long haul.

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